# **HARPIA** | TA

### **Ultrafast Transient Absorption Spectrometer**

### **FEATURES**

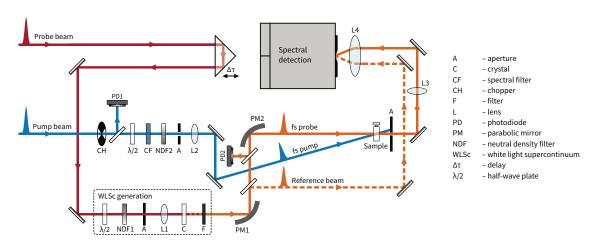
- · Excellent performance at a high repetition rate
- · Measurement range from UV to MIR
- Market-leading sensitivity
- · Modules for time-resolved, and multi-pulse experiments
- High-level automation in a compact footprint



The HARPIA-TA ultrafast transient absorption spectrometer provides pump-probe measurement functionality in a HARPIA system. Several probe light configurations and detection options are available: from a photodiode for single-wavelength detection to white-light supercontinuum probing combined with spectrally-resolved broadband detection. HARPIA-TA features extensive options providing pump beam position tracking and alignment, pump

polarization control, supercontinuum generator switching, sample positioning, and switching between transient absorption and transient reflection measurements. Broadband probe options cover from UV to MIR. The probe delay stage is configurable up to 8 ns.

HARPIA-TA is compatible with cryostats, peristaltic pumps, and other accessories. The capabilities of the spectrometer can be further extended using extension modules.



HARPIA-TA optical layout for pump-probe experiments

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Configuration	UV-VIS	VIS	VIS-NIR	UV-VIS-NIR	MIR
Measurement range	350 – 1100 nm	460 – 1100 nm	460 – 1600 nm	350 – 1600 nm	2000 – 13000 nm
Pump range	240 – 1100 nm			240 – 700 nm	
Delay range (resolution)	8 ns (8.3 fs)			4 ns (4.2 fs)	
Temporal resolution	≤ laser pulse duration or better				
Laser repetition rate 1)	1-200 kHz				
Maximum data acquisition rate	4000 spectra/s			Laser repetition rate	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>scriptscriptstyle 1)}$  Higher repetition rates available; contact sales@lighton.com for details.







### **MODULES AND ACCESSORIES**

## **HARPIA** | TF

### **Time-Resolved Fluorescence Module**

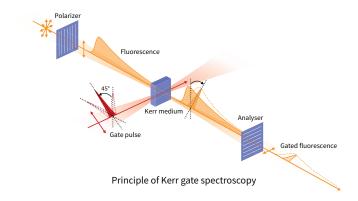
Time-resolved fluorescence spectroscopy carries information on the molecular processes in the excited states. HARPIA-TF combines different measurement modes, thus allowing the observation of fluorescence dynamics at different time scales. Using a high-repetition-rate PHAROS or CARBIDE laser, the fluorescence dynamics can be measured while exciting the samples with pulse energies down to several nanojoules.

### **MODES**



Easy to use for fs fluorescence measurements. Simpler alignment and maintenance. The entire spectrum is measured at once.

- Fluorescence upconversion (FU) Better temporal resolution for measuring fast fluorescence events.
- Time-Correlated single-photon counting (TCSPC) Fluorescence lifetime measurements are extendible to measure phosphorescence signals.



### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Module	HARPIA-TF					
Mode	Kerr gate	Fluorescence upconversion	TCSPC			
Spectral range	250 – 1100 nm	330 – 820 nm	220 – 820 nm <sup>1)</sup>			
Pump range	240 – 1100 nm					
Temporal resolution	400 – 500 fs	≤ laser pulse duration or better	< 180 ps <sup>2)</sup>			
Max measurement range		∞ 3)				
Delay resolution		n/a				
Gate beam requirements	20	n/a				
Compatible with	Т	Kerr gate or fluorescence upconversion				

- $^{1)}$  Spectral range is extendable to NIR; contact sales@lighton.com for details.
- <sup>2)</sup> High-speed detector available (< 50 ps); contact sales@lighton.com for details.
- 3) Maximum measurement range depends on the phosphorescence signal.



## HARPIA | TA-FP

### Flash Photolysis - Nanosecond TA Module

The flash photolysis experiment is designed to measure the long-lived states of molecular systems.

The principle of flash photolysis is analogous to the femtosecond transient absorption (TA) experiment but with a delay in a nanosecond-millisecond range.

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Module	HARPIA-TA-FP	HARPIA-TA-FP-UV	
Measurement range 1)	450 – 1100 nm	350 – 1100 nm	
Delay range	up to 8 ms	up to 500 μs	
Delay resolution	100 ps		
Temporal resolution	2 ns	1 ns	

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum wavelength depends on HARPIA-TA and is either 1100 nm or 1600 nm.





## **HARPIA** | TB

### **Third Beam Delivery Module**

When standard spectroscopy tools are not enough to unravel the intricate ultrafast dynamics of photoactive systems, multi-pulse time-resolved spectroscopic techniques can be utilized to yield additional insight.

It allows an additional temporally-delayed laser pulse (up to 4 ns) to be introduced before or during the pump-probe interaction to perturb the ongoing photodynamics.

#### **MODES**

### Femtosecond stimulated Raman scattering (FSRS).

Delivering frequency-narrowed ps pulses allows to perform FSRS measurements. It is a relatively recent yet moderately widespread time-resolved spectroscopy technique for observing changes in the vibrational structure of optically excited molecular systems.

## Multi-pulse time-resolved transient absorption and reflection.

The pump-pump-probe (PDP), Pump-repump-probe (PrPP) and Pre-pump-pump-probe (pPPP) techniques is a way to manipulate the reactions and access new regions of the higher excited states.

## **HARPIA** I MM

### Microscopy Module

HARPIA-MM is a microscopy module add-on to the HARPIA-TA spectrometer, which enables spatially resolved pump-probe measurements. It allows the acquisition of time-resolved spectra at a fixed position, difference absorption images at a fixed probe delay, and other types of data.

The microscopy module features a motorized XYZ sample stage, broadband, and monochromatic probe options, as well as transmission and reflection modes, and brightfield mode to observe the sample and to determine the pump-probe spot location.

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Module	HARPIA-MM		
Continuos (Internal)	monochromatic	polychromatic	
Spatial resolution 1)	< 2 μm	< 10 μm	
Full spectral range	460 – 1100 nm		
Pump range	240 – 700 nm		
Temporal resolution	500 fs		
Maximum working distance 2)	13 mm		
Sample motion range	13 × 13 × 13 mm		

White light generation has axial color at focus and wavelength-dependent mode size and NA. Focused white light will exhibit focus shift and spot size variation depending on the chosen spectral range. Polychromatic spot size is given at full spectral range, monochromatic is at 500 nm with a 10 nm bandwidth.

### **MODES**

Switching between bulk and microscopic pump-probe modes is implemented using self-contained modules, allowing experiment reconfiguration without disturbing the sample.









<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Depends on the objective used.

### **OPTIONS**



### **Cryostat Mounting**

HARPIA-TA supports cryostats that can be mounted externally or internally.



### Sample Stirrer

Liquid samples are mixed up to avoid overexposure and ensure fresh sample.



### **Motorized Pump Mirror**

Used to automatically optimize pump and probe overlap.



### **External Beam Steering**

To lock the optical beam paths for OPA wavelenghts (350 - 1100 nm).

### **SOFTWARE**

## **HARPIA** Service App

### Control and data acquisition software

A single software solution for all measurement modes, featuring:

- User-friendly interface
- Measurement presets
- Measurement noise suppression
- Diagnostics and data export
- Continuous support and updates
- API for remote experiment control using third-party software (LabVIEW, Python, MATLAB)

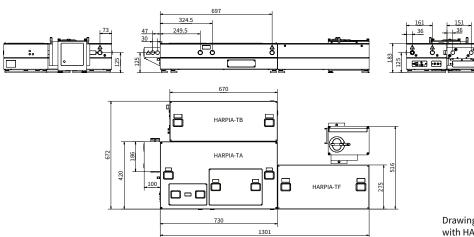
### **CarpetView**

### Data analysis software

An ultrafast spectroscopy data analysis software, featuring:

- Advanced data wrangling: slicing, merging, cropping, smoothing, fitting, etc.
- Advanced global and target analysis
- Probe spectral chirp correction, calibration and deconvolution
- Support for 3D data sets (2D electronic spectroscopy, fluorescence lifetime imaging)
- Publication-ready figure preparation and data export

### **DRAWINGS**



Drawings of HARPIA system with HARPIA-TB and HARPIA-TF modules



